condemn that act as an attempt to distract the friends of honest bimetallism, and denounce it as calculated to debase our currency, contract the circulating medium and wreck the confidence and safety of the business world.

FREPARING FOR THE CAMPAIGN. Republicans Choose a Congressional Committee-Mr. Johnson the Indiana Member.

WASHINGTON, March 81.-Representative Henderson, of Illinois, chairman of the House caucus, called the joint Republican caucus of Senators and Representatives to order to-night in the Senate chamber. Senator Cullom was elected to preside over the caucus, and Representative Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, elected secretary. It was agreed that as each State was called the delegation should present the name of its representative on the Republican congressional campaign committee, and where no name was presented from any State at to-night's meeting, liberty should be given to present the name to the secretary in the

Following is a list of the names of the members of the Republican congressional campaign committee handed in at tonight's cancus: California, Representative John T. Cutting: Delaware, Senator Higgins; Idaho, Representative Willis Sweet; Illinois, Representative Robert Hitt; Indiana, Representative Henry U. Johnson; Iowa, Representative J. A. T. Hull; Kansas, Senator Perkins; Kentucky, Representative John H. Wilson: Maine, Representative Boutelle; Michigan, Representative James O'Donnell; Montana, Senator Saunders; New Hampshire, Senator Chandler; New York, Representative J. H. Ketcham; North Carolina, Representative Henry P. Cheatham; North Dakota, Representative M. N. Johnson; Ohio, John A. Caldwell; Pennsylvania, Representative Myron B. Wright; South Dakota, Senator Pettigrew; Tennessee, Representative John C. Houk; Vermont, Representative William M. Grout; Washington, Representative J. L. Wilson; Wisconsin, Representative N. P. Haugen, Wyoming, Senator Carey, Oklahoma, David A. Harvey.

MR. AMES'S POSITION.

He Is Not Sound on the Tariff, but Wants to Go to Minneapolis.

Boston, March 31.-Ex-Governor Ames announces that he will be a candidate for delegate at large before the Republican convention. He says: "I understood that my name was considered by the central State committee, but was rejected because, in the opinion of the committee, I was not sound on the tariff question. As that statement has gone forth I am willing to go before the State convention as a candidate, that I may ascertain how large a proportion of delegates agree with me in my views on the tarift. Many prominent Republicans have assured me that they agree with me, and many of those who left the Republican party on the tariff issue have said to me that if the party should indorse my stand on the question they would be pleased to leave their Democratic associates and return to the Republican party. I do not believe in making the party any smaller than it is. If a man is to be read out of the party because he does not believe in every line of the McKinley bill: because he believes in free iron ore and ample duties on pig-iron, and is opposed to prohibitive duties, then the Republican party will soon be small enough."

Alger Is In to Stay. DETROIT, Mich., March 31 .- Gen. Russel A. Alger's attention was to-day called to the dispatch of yesterday announcing Senator Cullom's withdrawal from the contest for the presidential nomination.

asked what effect, any, this circumstance would have upon his own candidacy. "Senator Cullom's withdrawal cannot possibly have any effect upon my candidacy," said General Alger, "for as I said in an interview nearly a month ago, I am in the field to stay. I regard it as vital to the success of the Republican party in the national campaign of this year that its judgas to the nominee for the be made up after careful deliberation at Minneapolis, and I should be recreant to my settled convictions upon this point were I to leave the field while expressions of good will and pledges of support are coming to me from earnest Republicans in all parts of the country. You may say that I shall be in the field for the nomination until the judgment of the national convention shall have

been expressed." The Rhode Island Campaign. PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 31 .- Both Republicans and Democrats claim that next Wednesday will give them the victory, and the campaign is being prosecuted in a more energetic manner than has been witnessed in this State since the defeat of the Republicans in 1887. The Democrats are very enthusiastic over the visit of ex-President Cleveland to this city Saturday, and the Republicans, by bringing Messrs. Mc-Kinley and Reed here, are working hard for

the success of Senator Aldrich. Political Notes.

G. C. Matthews, formerly of Indianapolis, now editor of the Memphis Avalauche is at Washington. He says Cleveland will be renominated, and is the strongest man

Third congressional district Republicans of North Carolina have selected George C. Sculock and A. K. Middleton delegates to the Minneapolis convention. Both are colored and both are for Harrison.

It is stated that the resolutions of the Kentucky Republican convention, as finally worded, did not instruct for Harrison, but recommended that the delegates vote for his renomination. They are all ardent Harrison men, however.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Philadelphia Russian relief fund now

The Cheyenne and Arapahoe reservations will be opened on April 15. John Mullins, white, was hanged by an Alabama mob for murder and arson.

Burglars blew open the safe in Hart's Bank at Elroy, Wis., and got away with Between 1,500 and 2,000 employes of river

steamship companies went on strike at St. Louis yesterday. The Rubber Trust has taken out articles

f incorporation in New Jersey. The capital stock is \$50,000,000. The Kentucky Senate has adopted the

separate coach bill for colored people by a vote of eighteen to ten. Many silver mines in Colorado are pre-

paring to suspend work, owing to the low

price of the white metal. A bill looking to the disrupting of the Sugar Trust, it is claimed, will be introduced in Congress to-day.

Forty thousand persons witnessed the launching of the cruiser Raleigh at the Norfolk navy-yard yesterday. Samuel Bishop, of Berrien Springs, Mich., forged the name of his father-in-law, Jacob

Krall, to \$7,000 worth of paper. The stockholders of the Standard Oil Company have decided to increase the capital stock from \$5,000,000 to \$7,000,000, to consist of seventy thousand shares of the par . value of \$100 each.

Claus Spreckels has left Philadelphia with his family, having made \$7,000,000 by selling out to the Sugar Trust. He is on his way to San Francisco in a gorgeously fitted-up special car.

Mayor Graves, of Fitchburg, Mass., has been found guilty of fraudulently obtaining from the county of Worcester \$15. He has been prohibited from practicing as an attorney and counsellor-at-law for one year.

Mexican Woman Dead at 150. PHENIX, A. T., March 31.-Carmen Roderique, a Mexican woman 150 years old. died at Tucson last night. Senora Roderique was maid of honor at the Mexican vice-regal court under Spanish rule. Later she was attached to the household of Maxmillian and afterwards followed the fort-

unes of Emperor Iturbide. "Thank You," Is what Mrs. Paisley, of Newburg, N. Y.,

always says to Hood's Sarsaparilla. It enred her of a severe case of scrofula a If you are bilious take Hood's Pills.

DESERVES THE GUILLOTINE

Anarchist Ravachol's Bloody Crimes Almost Number Those of Deeming.

Confession of an Accomplice That Will Result in the Speedy Conviction of the Chief Bomb-Thrower and Garroter.

A COLD-BLOODED VILLAIN.

Evidence that Ravachol, the Anarchist, Is One of the Most Dangerous Criminals. Paris, March 31.-The government looks upon the arrest of Ravachol as of the greatest importance, not only in that it has thrown to its hands a man already condemned to death for murder, but it is believed his capture will put an end to the dynamite outrages in Paris. No doubt is entertained that he is a most dangerous criminal, and his incarceration has removed a great source of trouble and uneasiness. Ravachol's examination, which was held last night, occupied five hours. It chiefly related to his past life, and he was subjected to a string of questions that revealed that he was a greater villain than even the police supposed. He confessed the murder of the old hermit of Notre Dame de Grace. He denied the murders of an old man servant at Varizelle in 1885, and his former wife in 1888. His denial of these crimes, however, was not very strong, and many discrepancies appeared in his replies to the questions put to him in relation to them. The police believe they will yet discover evidence showing that he killed both these persons. Some time ago an old man was killed with an ax which belonged to the victim. The murderer stole a sum of money and a quantity of valuables, and effected his escape, kavachol was questioned as to this crime, and here, too, his denial was very weak. He admitted that he was a grave-yard ghoul, and told of a number of graves that he had robbed.

When the police searched his lodgings yesterday they found among other evibelongings he coolly acknowledged that he belonged to a gang of counterfeiters, but he persistently refused to make any admission that would lead to the detection of his confederates. The chief detective asserts that Chaumartin, an accomplice of Rayachol, who is now under arrest, betrayed his leader, and told the police that Ravachol intended to blow up the house of M. Boulet, one of the prosecuting counsel in the recent Anarchist trials. M. Boulet's residence, it will be recalled, was at No. 39 Rue Clichy, the scene of the destructive explosion on Sunday morning last. Rava-chol lived at St. Mande, near the wood of Vincennes, four miles southeast of Paris. He was seen going to Paris Sunday morning, carrying with him a small portmanteau. Ravachol is watched in prison night and day by three detectives. He is the illegitimate son of German parents, and

was born in France. The Anarchist prisoners who were concerned in the explosions in the boulevard st. Germain and at the Lotsau Barracks have made a detailed confession. They say that Ravachol was concerned in a murder and robbery at Mont Brison, by which he realized 30,000 francs. He gave the bulk of the money to associates in St. Etennie, drawing sums when required for dynamite purposes. Ravachol assisted in stealing and burying the dynamite taken from the factory at Soissy, declare these informers. Chaumartin asks to be sentenced to imprisonment, as he fears assas-

sination if released.

The Senate has approved the bill imposing the penalty of death upon persons conbuildings and other unlawful purposes. Ravachol will be tried for murder at Kont Bristol. He is black, and is covered with bruises, Which injuries he received while resisting arrest. His accomplices, no longer fearing revenge, readily consented to reveal what they know about Ravachol. They said that he glorified in the murder of two women who kept a wine shop near St. Etienne; that boasted of having supped in room where three corpses lay, cutting his food with the bloody knife with which he had murdered them. It was reported late to-night that Gustav Mattiu, Ravachol's most dangerous accomplice, has been arrested. Ravachol made no trouble in his cell. He speaks most fluently, although he is not an educated man. He promises to reveal everything tomorrow. The police have learned from informers that Ravachol planned the Soissy robbery and proposed to kill everybody met on the way to the dynamite depot

who were likely to bear witness against him. The accomplices opposed him, how-ever, and the idea was dropped. Ravachol carried the bomb used in the boulevard St. Germain and placed it in position, leav-ing the house only a few seconds before

The North German Zeitung, commenting on the arrest of Ravachol, makes the following sarcastic remarks: "If the French only know where a scapegoat can be sought more than half the injury they have suffered is forgotten. And the fastening of the blame on Ravachol, as a German bastard, is so artistic that it is worthy to be compared with the best culinary per-formances of France."

Bomb Factories in This Country. CHICAGO, March 31 .- "There is a dynamite school here in Chicago," said a prominent labor leader. "There is also one in Boston, and another in New York. The bombs used by Paris Anarchists were made here." Police Inspector Schaak, who knows more about anarchy and its followers than anyone else in the city, says: "I am inclined to think they are using Chicagomade bombs in Paris, for several reasons, the principal of which is that the style of bombs made in this city is vastly more destructive than anything the French

dynamiters have ever constructed."

"Are there any bombs now in Chicago?" the inspector was asked. "Plenty of them. On one occasion a cart-load of bombs were taken away from a certain place where they were manufactured, and no one has yet been able to locate them. I believe they are in the city, and ready to be used in case of trouble. There is also a lot of about nine hundred bombs secreted, but where the police have not yet been able to tell. I believe these bombs hre divided up among the most faithful and trustworthy. Aside from this stock, there are additional resources for | wife, the popular actress, Clara Hese. the people who use them. At present there are probably two hundred men in this city who know how to make dynamite bombs, and who can make them on their own

kitchen stoves at night." DINKELSPIEL'S VICTIMS.

They Included the Nitrate King and Many Other Prominent Englishmen.

LONDON, March 31.-The career of W. Dinkelspiel, fermer agent of the New York Life Insurance Company, who gained considerable notoriety at Detroit in connection with his insurance methods, and who started in business here, but failed, with habilities amounting to many thousands of pounds, is attracting much attention. Colonel Tully, proprietor of the Insurance Review, told a reporter to-day that he had followed Dinkelspiel's career in America. and, also, since he had come to "work the racket" here. Dinkelspiel succeeded in doing a very large business in England, and probably has got the New York Lite office into about as much trouble here as in America. It is understood that large premiums had to be returned on his business by the London managers after Dinkelspiel had drawn his commission, for which the manager was responsible. The creditors beside Baron Von Stern include Colonel Worth, the Nitrate King, \$10,000; Sir William Farmer, \$9,000; Fisher Smith, London manager, \$15,-000; S. Mac Leavy, London, \$32,500; J. S. Brown, Pittsburg, Pa., 82.065; Peter C. Dollar, hvery-stable-keeper. \$575; International fur store, \$375; Redfern, tailor, \$175; Madame Swabe, court dress-maker, \$2,400. Some of these debts speak for themselves. Dinkelspiel's method was to get some provincial man re insure, as a decoy duck, on | apolis to Chicago will be \$2.65 by the Penn- | this examination may be trenching upon | of cold-catching! One of the best ways to cure a lived in the West End in luxury. Most of | night trains.

the claims against the estate are legitimate. He owes rent for his office. There is no more room for men like Dinkelspiel, as the Equitable, the Mutual and the New York Life companies have entered into arrangements to make their existence impossible. Before the registrar of the London Bank-ruptey Court, to-day, Dinkelspiel attrib-uted his failure largely to the big sums of money he had to pay on many loans, in some cases amounting to 100 per cent. He never kept a record of his financial transactions. Altogether, be had received £18,-000 in commissions from the New York Life Insurance Company. After an exam-ination, which lasted two hours, Dinkelspiel was allowed to pass. The next step will be an application for his discharge in bankruptcy.

BLOODY BATTLE.

Three Hundred Venezuelan Rebels Left Dead on the Field Near Caracas.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. PANAMA, March 31 .- A French steamship which arrived here to-day brings authentic news of the uprising in Venezuela against President Palico. The officers say that the country is an anarchie condition and that life and property in the vicinity of Caracas are in constant peril. The rumors of a recent battle between President Palico's troops and the insurgents under Gen. Joaquin Crespo, are confirmed. The battle was fought near Caracas, and lasted for three hours. At first Crespo's forces were successful and drove the government troops steadily back on the road to the city. The reinforcements for Palico's army arrived as the retreat was becoming a rout, and the government troops made a stand on the wooded hill. Crespo's men were outnumbered almost three to one, the government having 7,500 troops to their three thousand. They tried to storm the position on the knoll three times but were driven back with a loss of three hundred. The government troops then took the offensive and followed the insurgents, who retreated, leaving three hundred dead on the field.

The insurgents retreated toward eastern Zamora, with the intention of joining another insurgent army, which is said to be 5,000 strong. Detachments of the government troops went in pursuit, and several yesterday they found among other evidences of his criminal operations a set of revolutionists repulsed Palico's men. counterfeiters' tools. When questioned The revolution is spreading, and the regarding the possession of these unlawful insurgent forces are augmented daily. In eastern Zamora the people are taking sides with Crespo and many soldiers have deserted the government. Crespo, the French officers say, has the reputation of being the best general in Venezuela. He is a brave fighter, but his policy at present is to remain inactive while his forces are swelled by deserters from Palico's army and by discontented citizens.

> The Situation in Venezuela. WASHINGTON, March 31.—General Bolet Peraza, the Venezuelan minister at Washington, this afternoon received a cable dispatch from his government in which he is authorized and directed to declare that some recently published statements concerning Venezuela are without foundation. He is informed that there has been a battle fought near Caracas; that peace is almost restored in the republic; that the regular course of business has not been interrupted; that the new Cabinet appointed by President Palacio enjoys the confidence of the people, and that the situation is far from being a violent one.

Her Child Must Be Born in Prison, LONDON, March 31.-In the House of Commons, to-day, Mr. Campbell asked whether, in view of the condition of Mrs. Florence Ethel Osborne, who is serving a ninemonths' sentence in connection with the great "pearl case," and the danger to her victed of using dynamite for blowing up | unborn child, a pardon would be granted to her. Mr. Matthews replied that he was aware of Mrs. Osborne's condition, but it was not the rule to discharge pregnant female prisoners unless there were special medical reasons, which did not exist in the present case.

The Fire at Mandalay. RANGOON, India, March 31.-The fire at Mandalay broke out at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning and raged for fourteen hours. The whole city was destroyed, from China street to Obo, a distance of two miles and a half. The central telegraph station, built at a cost of 29,000 rupees, was destroyed. The other government buildings, bazars and houses escaped. There was no loss of life. Many thousands are homeless, and extensive relief works will be necessary.

The Kaiser's Troublesome Ear. BERLIN, March 31 .- Rumors that the Emperor has been obliged to undergo an operation for an abacess in his ear are revived, but cannot be traced to any positive source. His health seems much better than previous to his sojourn at Hubertusstock, out whether the improvement is due to surgical relief or to the general effects of exercise and relaxation is a mooted point among the gossips.

Revolt Feared at Rio De Janeiro. Paris, March 31 .- A dispatch from Ric de Janeiro says: "All the troops here and at Pernambuco are kept confined to their barracks. The police have been ordered to be on the watch to suppress expected disturbances. A revolt is feared."

Not Yet Settled. Rome, March 81.-The report published in American papers that a settlement has been effected in the matter of the New Orleans lynching indemnity, is premature. Negotiations are still pending. Cable Notes.

The German Reichstag was prorogued vesterday. The speech closing the session was delivered by Dr. Von Boetticher. At Freiburg, a city in the Grand Duchy of Baden, eight persons were burned to death in a house. The fire was caused by an explosion of petroleum. The Chinese government has garrisoned

all the mission districts in China and has promised to severely punish the perpetrators of outrages in the future. Minister Egan has presented to the Chil-

ian Foreign Office at Santiago a claim on behalf of the liquidators of the American house of Alsop. The claim amounts to nearly \$1,000,000 in silver. Great indignation has been caused in the court of Vienna and Munich by the announcement that the Duke Louis, of Bava-

ria, is about to take to himself another A dispatch from Porto Novo states that a body of two hundred Dahomeyans have attacked Kezensu, fifteen kilometres from that place. It is believed that the natives meditate attacks upon Porto Novo and Kolonu and the French authorities have taken measures to repel the attacks should

they be made. A dispatch from Stratford on Avon states that the Shakspeare birthplace trustees have agreed to purchase Anne Hathway's cottage for \$15,000. This action of the trustees is taken to check the offers of American bidders. Two of the largest bids have come from Americans who are anxious

to transport the cottage to Chicago. At a meeting of the London Chamber of Commerce yesterday the Rt. Hon. Sir John Lubbock said that the volume of trade in the country had fallen off in 1891. The Mc-Kinley bill has affected trade to a certain extent, but it affected the United States more than it did the United Kingdom. The exports of domestic produce in 1890 amounted to £32,000,000. In 1891 these exports amounted to only £27,000,000.

Accident at a Theater. ROCHESTER, N. Y., March St .- "The Can't Be Worse Dramatic Company" attempted to give a performance at the Bijou Theater to-night called "The Defeated Candidates." During the performance the audience began pelting the actors with eggs, carrots and brickbats from the galleries, and in the excitement the first balcony gave way. throwing a number of people to the lower floor, a distance of fifteen feet. Several were injured and have been taken to the hospital. The following were seriously injured: Alex. Jacobwitz, Frank McGann and Jacob Fullsclager.

\$3.65-To Chicago-\$3.65. Until further notice the rate from Indian-

MR. OWEN NOT RESPONSIBLE

He Had Nothing to Do with Bringing Charges Against General Nettleton.

tion about that and not proceed with this examination, as General Nettleton is here

The Chairman—Then I will ask one ques-

tion while on this subject. How is the cor-

ters conducted! What is signed by you

and what is signed in the Secretary's office?

bly able to do so I have followed out the instructions of the circular that has been furnished here this morning.

The Chairman-What division does that

All official communications in connection with

All rulings or opinions covering new applica-

tions of the immigration laws, or new questions

arising thereunder, and all modifications of previous rulings will be signed by the Secretary,

or by an assistant secretary under the general

direction of the Secretary.

All inspection officers in the immigration serv-

Senator Hale-And it has been your pur-

WOMAN LOVES WOMAN.

Birdie Boate Had Grown Cold.

an unnatural affection for Miss Boate,

diphtheria Miss Fox nursed her, and after that was continually following Miss Boate,

who never returned the love and has lately

tried to avoid her. Miss Fox was not to be

disconcerted, however, and she even at-

tacked young men she saw with Miss Boate.

The latter became frightened and never went out unattended. Last night, in com-

pany with a relative, she was returning from church, when Miss Fox approached

and drawing a revolver, cried: "Birdie.

Miss Boate ran but heard the revolver

crack. Miss Fox was dead when picked up.

The coroner's jury rendered a verdict of

AN AMERICAN'S INVENTION.

A Baltimore Man Says the Germans Stole His

Plans for Army Air-Ships.

BALTIMORE, March 31.-Prof. William R.

Will, of this city, says he believes the war-

balloons by which the Germans have been

observing the Russian fortifications and

armies are his own invention. He de-

clares that the descriptions of the balloons

coincide exactly with plans which he per-

fected some time ago and submitted to

Chief Von Lendenberg, of the aeronant-

ical department of the German army. The

German government, he states, kept his

sent back to him the news that the novel

balloons were hovering over Russia was

received. He asserts that he is convinced

that the Germans have appropriated an

American invention without giving either

OBITUARY.

Gen. Daniel Dustin, Assistant Treasurer of

the United States at Chicago,

CARTHAGE, Mo., March 31.-Assistant

Inited States Treasurer at Chicago, Gen.

Daniel Dustin, died here yesterday. His

home was at Sycamore, Ill., and he came to

Carthage one week ago to visit his daugh-

ter, Mrs. W. B. Myers. He took a relapse and soon all hopes of his recovery were

abandoned. During the campaign of 1:88

he made speeches in behalf of Harrison.

He was taken ill while so engaged and

ever since his health has not been robust.

For some months he had been scarcely able

to attend to his duties and being advised

by his physicians came here to recuperate.

The trip was pleasant, but next day after

Daniel Dustin was born in West Tops-

ham, Vt., Oct. 6, 1820. He went to Cali-

Leislature of that State when it was or-

ganized. He moved to Illinois in 1855 or

1856, and had lived there ever since. He

entered the army in 1861 as a captain in the

Eighth Illinois Cavalry, commanded by

Col. John F. Farnsworth; was promoted to

In the Atlanta campaign he was promoted

son, and it was in that campaign, drinking

from the same canteen, that he and the

President became warm, personal friends, friendship that has lasted through all the

years since. Two years ago President Har-

rison appointed General Dustin as Assist-

cago. He was a comrade in the Grand Army of the Republic, member of the Loyal

Legion, a Mason, Knight Templar, and was

past grand commander of the State of

Other Deaths.

the veteran vessel-owner of this city, who

came to Detroit fifty-five years ago, died

this morning. He held several offices in

RAPID CITY, S. D., March 31.-Judge

BALTIMORE, Md., March 31.-Judge Peter

Wood Crane, Maryland's oldest judge, is

Another Danger to Travelers.

LIMA, O., March 31 .- Passengers on the

west-bound Erie train had a thrilling ex-

perience last night. The train had just left

New Portage, and the conductor, on his

fare-collecting trip, opened a closet door

in an explosion occurred which hurled

him backward, badly burning and other-wise injuring him. The coach immediately

took fire, the flames spreading rapidly.

Before the train was stopped the whole

coach and one of the sleeping-cars were in

flames. Passengers barely escaped losing

their personal effects, which were in two

Losses by Fire.

John W. Nowlin died here this morning of

consumption. He was prominent in polities and widely known in Dakota, Nebras-

DETROIT. Mich., March 31.-John Owen

Illinois.

ing the war.

ka and lowa.

ant Tressurer of the United States at Chi

to brigadier-general with Benjamin Harri-

his arrival he began to fail.

credit or price for it.

long beyond the time set for return in case of rejection,

a few weeks after they were

am before you for the last time.

suicide, but assigned no cause.

pose to carry out that circular?

before the committee on Friday.

Mr. Owen-It bas.

Mr. Owen-Yes sir.

spondence?

at this time.

Mr. Owen-I read from the circular:

Mr. Owen-As near as I have been possi-

Congress Was Induced to Investigate Immigration Affairs by Representative Stump -The Hoosier Official Vindicated.

Special Correspondence of the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, March 30 .- Following is the full text of the important testimony given by the Hon. William D. Owen, of Indiana, Superintendent of Immigration, before the joint immigration committee of Congress on Tuesday evening last, and which answers some of the most salient charges preferred by Assistant Secretary Nettleton:

The Chairman-Did you have anything to do with instigating or bringing about this investigation? Mr. Owen-Nothing whatever. The Chairman-Did you furnish, to your knowledge, any material to be used as a

basis for bringing about the investigation? Mr. Owen-I did not. The Chairman-You have noticed the resolution that passed the House of Representatives calling for a statement of expenditures and other information from the Treasury Department. Did you have anything to do with that resolution or its adoption?

Mr. Owen-No, sir. The Chairman-Did you know of its passage or that it was projected until it was Mr. Owen-I had been told that it was going to be offered. The Chairman-Did you furnish any data

for framing the resolution? Mr. Owen-No. sir. The Chairman-Since this Investigation began have you had anything to do with the furnishing of material or information in connection with it?

Mr. Owen-Not one word. The Chairman-Have you suggested any questions to be asked or prepared any uestions to be asked? Ma Owen-I have not. I prepared some questions for myself, which I have not delivered to any member of the committee. | well-to-do. Miss Fox is a brunette, twentyand which, the next day after they were prepared, were cast aside—never used nor suggested to any one. The Chairman-Have you furnished anvthing except the table of persons barred

that is contained in the record from your seeming only content when in her presence. When Miss Boate was attacked by Mr. Owen-Nothing whatever. All that was prepared was furnished in reply to a request by members of this committee. The Chairman-Do you know of any questions prepared to be put to you by any-

Mr. Owen-I do not. The Chairman-That is all I wish to ask you at this time. Mr. Owen-Nor questions that I prepared to have put to any body else? The Chairman-I take occasion to say that as far as I am concerned, Mr. Owen's statement is correct and true. I have seen him but few times and have asked him but a few questions. I have obtained little or no information from him. I do not know

what Mr. Stump has to say on that subject.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE INQUIRY.

Representative Stump-I will say the same thing, and will say further that during the last session of Congress Mr. Owen was chairman of this committee, and occupied the same position that I do now. During that period a friendship grew up between us, which I suppose was renewed when I came back to Washington this session. But the moment this investigation was even thought of Mr. Owen withdrew himself, and the consequence is that I have not even had friendly intercourse with him. He was so circumspect in his actions that he has furnished no information to me, and no questions and no suggestions. I will further say that the making of this investigation is the result of personal investigation of my own. When I was appointed chairman of this committee it was just before the holidays. generally spend my holidays in New York, and I took occasion when in New York during the holidays to spend two days at Ellis island. I visited the barge office, where I was known, and I also visited the island. I saw aufficient there to think that the sum of \$450,000, or thereabouts, which was reported as the sum expended under the supervising architect's report, was a very large sum, and subsequently, when I learned that instead of the improvement costing \$450,000 that it had cost \$612,000. I thought there should be an investigation. The typhus fever resolution came up. I think it was introduced in the Senate first by Mr. Chandler, and it was thought that we could then, as a joint committee, go and look, and the committee did go and look, and I believe that it was the unanimous consent of the committee that an investigation should be bad. I believe at that time there would have been no investigation at all if members of the committee individually had not expressed the opinion that there was a great deal of money spent there that should not have been spent. These are the facts as far as I know them. I have been a great deal hampered for the want of means of ascertaining the methods of conducting business in the Treasury Department, and Senator Chandler, the chairman, agreed to fornia in 1849, and was a member of the take that branch of the work, while I investigated the actual expenditures and expenses at Ellis island. The Chairman-Does any member of the committee wish to ask Mr. Owen any ques-

Senator Hale-I have not been present at all the meetings of this committee. Has Mr. Owen been examined heretofore by the

committee? The Chairman-No, not before this. Senator Hale-I would like you, Mr. Owen, to state just what your relations are in the Treasury Department, as you are made by the act a part of the Treasury Department.

Mr. Owen-Yes. Senator Hale-Andyour office is in the Treasury building! Mr. Owen-In the Tressury building.

Senator Hale-Now what, in brief, is the actual authority that you exercise over this subject of immigration? Mr. Owen-You will pardon me, but think the circular No. 126, of the Secretary of the Treasury, defining the duties of the Superintendent of Immigration, would be

the best answer. Senator Hale-How soon after took possession of the office was that is-Mr. Owen-About six weeks after I took the oath of office. Senator Hale-And the scope of your duties is marked out in that order of the

Secretary, is it? Mr. Owen-Yes. Senator Hale-Who issued the order? Mr. Owen-It is signed by Secretary

NOTHING TO DO WITH ELLIS ISLAND. Senator Hale-What have you done in the way of managing the business in New York, either in relation to the work at Ellis island or the conduct and the treatment and management of the immigrants? Mr. Owen-I have had nothing whatever side. As soon as he thrust his lantern to do with the Ellis island construction matter. I have had nothing whatever to do with the appointment, promotion or dismissal of inspectors or other persons connected with the service. I have had to do purely with the immigration matters alone, and in that there has been in a sense a conjoint authority.

cars both of which were entirely con-Senator Hale-Conjoint with whom? sumed. It is supposed one of the gas res-Mr. Owen-With Assistant Secretary ervoirs in the closet sprung a leak. Nettleton. In other words, to explain: The statute provides that when the commissioner or inspector of immigrants makes a decision bearing on an immigrant, PHILADELPHIA, March 31. - The insurances he can have an appeal to the Superintendon John Bromley & Sons' rug, chenille and ent of Immigration, which is subject to lace-curtain manufactory, which was partrevision by the Secretary of the Treasury. y destroyed by fire Saturday, aggregates Under an agreement, when an appeal comes \$770,730. The loss is estimated at \$375,000. I prepare the decision and sign it. It is ORANGE, N. J., March 31.—The Spring Hotel, at Cloud West Range, has been dethen sent to the Assistant Secretary for his approval or disapproval. stroyed by fire. Loss, \$65,000; uninsured. Seuator Hale-Comes to you from the

ing being for a special purpose, but what

commissioner in the port of New York in Director Sold for \$75,000. Mr. Owen-Yes, sir. PHILADELPHIA, March 31 .- Mr. A. H. Senator Hale-And then you make your Moore, proprietor of Cloverdale stock-farm, has purchased from Monroe Salisbury, of Pleasanton, Cal., the stallion Director, decision and send it to the Assistant Secre-Mr. Owen-For his approval or disapwith a record of 2:17, for \$75,000. Director is the sire of Direct, with a record of 2:06. Senator Hale-I do not know, this meet-

ONE way to catch cold is to cultivate the fear eczema, and she has reason to be grateful. a promise of insurance for nothing if he sylvania Line. Pullman buffet parlor car something else.

allowed his name to be used. Dinkelspiel on day trains and Pullman sleeping car on The Chairman—I intended to defer Mr. Salvation Oil is not a humbug, but a scientific Owen's examination to a later time, but it | combination of pain-healing agents. 25 cents.

is perfectly agreeable to us to have you go Highest of all in Leavening Power .-- Latest U. S. Gov't Report Senator Hale-This is quite an extended examination, and I will take your sugges-

ABSOLUTELY PURE

the immigration service conveying authority to expend money will be signed by the Secretary, as required by law. PANIC ON A RIVER STEAMER

> Five Lives Lost, and Possibly More, by The W. T. the Burning of the Golden Rule.

ice after their appointment will be assigned to duty by the superintendent, their official duties and conduct will be supervised by him, and the correspondence between the department and the inspection officers relative to accounts, and all routine business will be conducted by the super-Suddenly Enveloped in Flames While About to Start from Cincinnati for New Orleans -A Wharfboat Also Destroyed.

Senator Hale-And you sign certain cor-Erecial to the Indianapolis Journal. respondence and the Secretary or Assist-CINCINNATI, March 31 .- The steamer tant Secretary sign another corre-Golden Rule, which was to have left at 5 o'clock this afternoon for New Orleans, Senator Hale-That is all I will ask you caught fire about half an hour before the time for her departure and burned to the Mr. Owen's testimony will be continued water's edge.

There were fifty people aboard the vessel and a large consignment of freight. The flames spread so rapidly that the passengers and crew barely escaped with their Emma Fox Blows Out Her Brains Because lives. Several of them jumped into the water, but it is thought all were rescued. with the exception of Miss Nellie Maloney. of this city, who was seen to jump into the ALTOONA, Pa., March 31.-In this city. swift current and disappear. Second mate Frank Riley and a deck hand named Mat last night, Miss Emma Fox shot and killed herself with a revolver because Miss Birdie Homer are missing. They were in the hold of the vessel when the fire broke out, and Boate, with whom she had fallen in love. it is supposed they were drowned. Two firemen were seriously hurt by timbers falling from the roof of the wharf-boat. refused to return the affection. The young ladies are both of good parentage, and The steamer Keystone State rescued thirtyfive people and steamed across the river. four years of age, while Miss Boate, who is The entire fire department of the city was a perfect blonde, is but twenty-two. Alon the ground, but it was powerless to most a year ago Miss Fox began to show

save the doomed steamer. The wharf-boat of the Memphis Packet Company caught fire from the blazing bost and was almost entirely consumed. The hull of the Golden Rule broke loose from her moorings and drifted down the river about two hundred feet, and sunk in twenty feet of water. The total loss will approximate \$75,000; partly insured. Miss Nellie Maloney was interested in a dress-making establishment at 345 West

Seventh street. Her only brother was T

J. Maloney, of Memphis, who, private advices say, started by rail for this city tonight. Clerk F. M. Bondusant, who had delayed too long to get down the stairway of the burning boat, and who, after vainly trying to save his books and money, had jumped over the side of the steamer into the water, and then clambered on the barge, saw Miss Maloney's body in the water. He jumped in again and made a heroic effort to save her, but she disappeared under the wharf-boat and was lost. LATER. - Thus far five lives are known to have been lost. These are: Miss Nellie Maloney; Frank Reilly, second mate; James Madison, made; Nat Homer, white, deck hand; an unknown woman. Mrs. Easton. of Addyston, a suburb of this city, is also missing, and it is feared she is lost. Three or four others who were known to have been on the boat, but whose names were not obtained, are missing, and the death list may be increased to ten or more. None of the bodies has been recovered, although searchers are diligently at work. Miss Maloney jumped into the river between the steamers Golden Rule

could have saved herself by way of the Miss Minnie Fitzsimmons, of Covington, who was one of the merry party starting for and excursion to New Orleans, had a narrow escape from being burned and as a result of the fright and excitement she has become a raving manuac and it is feared will be permanently msane.

and Fleetwood, and her body is supposed

to be near the scene of the disaster. She

lost her presence of mind completely, and

Movements of Steamers. NEW YORK, March 31 .- Arrived: Pennsylvania, from Antwerp; Germanic, from Liverpool; Bohemia, from Hamburg. The City of Paris, which arrived yesterday, took the long course, making 2,864 miles. the trip occupying five days, twenty-two hours and three minutes. The average speed was 20.16 knots per hour, and if she had come the shorter course, at this speed. the trip would have occupied about five days and eighteen hours. Her best previous performance was five days, nineteen hours and eighteen minutes. LONDON, March 31.-Sighted: Greece, Rugia and Britannic, from New York.

Doesn't Want a Divorce from the Prince. DETROIT, Mich., March 31. - "Prince" Michael's wife applied to the Circuit Court this morning for a separation, not for a divorce, as was expected. All that she charges him with in her bill was extreme cruelty. She made no mention of his property worth \$10,000, and that he would probably dispose of it unless restrained. Judge Gartner accordingly issued an inselling or otherwise doing away with any of his possessions.

major, and returned home and raised the One-hundred-and-tifth Illinois Infantry. Going to "Grind Gray Up." "We intend to grind Gray up and leave his mangled political remains strewn upon the ground before the convention occurs," said a mad Demo-crat last night. "He doesn't cut any figure in the light at all, and it is nonsense to say there will be a split in the Demo-cratic ranks. He left the Republican party and it still exists; he could bolt the Democratic party to-morrow and he wouldn't be able to carry a hundred men along with him. He hasn't been indorsed by any counties, and there are districts in the State where he wouldn't get a vote. There's the First, the Twelfth and the Thirteenth. In those districts he won't be 'in it.' It is entirely a matter of self-glorification with Isaac Pusey, this pushing himself forward as a candidate for President. Nobody this State, serving as State Treasurer durasked him to be a candidate.'



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has been more successful in curing Female Complaints than any remedy the world has ever known. All Druggists cell it, or sent by mail, in form of Pills of Lozenges, on receipt of \$1.00. Liver Pills, 25c. Correspondence freely answered. Address in confidence GRAND-TO-NIGHT And Saturday Matinee and Evening, CARLETON

OPERA COMPANY Regular Prices—Gallery 25c, Balcony 50c, Dress Circle 75c, Orchestra and Boxes \$1. Matines— Boxes 75c, rest of Lower Floor 50c, Balcony 25c. Scats now on sale.

ENGLISH'S-TO-NIGHT Saturday Matinee and Evening. THE TALENTED ACTRESS, MISS MARIE HUBERT FROHMAN, In the Great Play

PRICES—Gallery, 15c; Balcony, 25c; Dress Circle, 50c; Orchestra, 75c; Orchestra Circle, \$1.

Matinee Prices—Lower floor, 50c; Balcony, 25c. GRAND | EXTRA Three nights and Wednesday matinee, beginning Monday, April 4, the inimitable actress.

Regular Prices-Gallery, 25c; Balcony, 50c; Dress Circle, 75c; Orchestra and Boxes, \$1. Matinee prices: 25c and 50c. Sents now on sale. ENGLISH'S Extra

Three nights and Wednesday Matinee, beginning THE SENSATIONAL MELODRAMA, Vith its Bealistic Scenery, Police Patrol Wagon

and Horses and Startling Effects. PRICES-Gallery, 15c; Balcony, 25c; Dress Circle, 50c; Orchestra, 75c; Orchestra Circle, \$1. Seats now on sale. PLYMOUTH CHURCH APRIL 6, THE

BERNHARD-LISTEMANN CONCERT COMPANY. Come and spend two hours of unalloyed enjoyment. 1 Hungarian Rhapsodie - Listemann 2 Song, "Variation" - Miss Frances

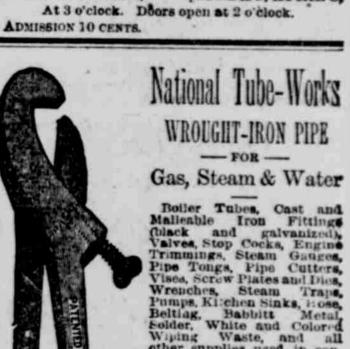
Rossean Minuet Suit L'Arlesiene Grand Fantasiefor Flute G. B. Ron-Theme and Variation—Strings.... Haydn Hungerian Concerte-B. Listemann., Hubay Fantasie for Violoncello-Fritz Giese, Servais Aria, "Barber of Saville"-Ronconi, Rossini Prelude to "Le Deluge"-Club.

"Love's Dream After the Ball"-

ong, "Thinking"-Miss Rousseau. White 12 "Faust," Paraphrase-ListemannClub Gounod Seats on sale at Baldwin's April 2. Admission 50c: no extra charge for reserved seats. -LUTHER BENSON-

Will LECTURE at

TOMLINSON HALL, SUNDAY, APRIL 3,



nection with Gas, Steam and Water, Natural Gas supplies a specialty. Steam-heating Apparatus for Public Build ings, Store-rooms, Mills, Shops, Factories, Laundries, Lumber Dry-houses, etc. Cut and Turesd to order any size Wrought-iron Pipe from inch to 12 inches diameter.

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Trains Run by Central Time TICKET OFFICES at Station and at corner Illinois and Washington Streets.
TRAINS BUN AS FOLLOWS: Daily, + Daily, except Sunday FROM INDIANAPOLIS TO Columbus, Ind., and Louisville. 3 40 am Philade phia and New York ... 4.45 am Baltimore and Washington..... 4.45 am
Dayton and Springfield...... 4.45 am
Martinsville and Vincennes.... 8.40 am Madison and Louisville \$.00 am

Richmond and Columbus, U 1 8.00 am Logansport and Chicago*11.20 am Philadelphia and New York ... 3.00 pm *12.45 pm Philadelphia and New York ... 3.00 pm *12.45 pm Baltimore and Washington ... 3.00 pm *12.45 pm Dayton and Springfield ... 3.00 pm *12.45 pm Knightstown and Richmond. ... † 4.00 pm † 9.00 sm Columbus, Ind., and Louisville. * 4.00 pm *11.10 sm Martingvi le and Vincennes ... # 4.05 pm | 110.55 a.n Columbus, Ind., and Madison .. # 4.30 pm | 110.25 am Pittsburg and East 5.30 pm | 11.40 am ...* 5.30 pm *11.40 am ...*11.30 pm * 3.30 am Logansport and Chicago...

VANDALIA LINE TO ST. LOUIS AND THE WEST. At Indianapolis Union Station: Leave for St. Louis : 0 a.m., 11:50 a.m., 12:53 p. m., 11:00 p. m. Trains connect at Terre Haute for E. & T. H. points. Evansville sleeper Greencastle and Terre Haute Acc., leaves 4:00 Arrive from St. Louis, 3:30a m., 4:15 a. m. 2:50 p. m., 5:20 p. m., 7:15 p. m. Terre Haute and Greencastie Acco. arrives a 10:00 a. m.

bleeping and Parlor cars are run on through trains. MUNDISHOULS The Vestibuled

PULLMAN CAR LINE Leave Indianapolis. No. 32-Chicago Lim., Pullman Vestibuled tine to parior and dining car, daily 11:35 am Arrive in Chicago 5:20 p n. No. 38-Monon Acc. 5:20 pm No. 31—Vestibule, faily 4:20 pm
No. 33—Vestibule, daily 2:25 am
No. 39—Monon Acc 10:40 am
Pullman vestibuled sleepers for Chicago to d at
west end of Union Station, and can be taken at 5:30

p. m., daily.
Ticket Offices—No. 26 South Illinois street and at
Union Station.